

Introduction

mSAT is a SAT solving library written in OCaml. It allows to solve the satisfiability of propositional problems in clausal normal form, and produce either a propositional model, or a resolution proof of the problem's unsatisfiability.

Conflict Driven Clause learning

Propagation If there exists a clause $C = C' \vee a$, where C' is false in the partial model, then add $a \mapsto \top$ to the partial model, and record C as the reason for a .

Decision Take an atom a which is not yet in the partial model, and add $a \mapsto \top$ to the model.

Conflict A conflict is a clause C that is false in the current partial model.

Analyze Perform resolution between the analyzed clause and the reason behind the propagation of its most recently assigned literal, until the analyzed clause is suitable for backjumping

Backjump A clause is suitable for backjumping if its most recently assigned literal a is a decision. We can then backtrack to before the decision, and add the analyzed clause to the solver, which will then enable to propagate $a \mapsto \perp$.

SMT Formulas using first-order theories can be handled using a theory. Each formula propagated or decided is sent to the theory, which then has the duty to check whether the conjunction of all formulas seen so far is satisfiable, if not, it should return a theory tautology (as a clause), that is not satisfied in the current partial model.

Theory interface

```
type ('formula, 'proof) res =  
  | Sat | Unsat of 'formula list * 'proof  
  
type ('form, 'proof) slice = {  
  start : int;  
  length : int;  
  get : int -> 'form;  
  push : 'form list -> 'proof -> unit;  
}  
  
module type S = sig  
  val dummy : level  
  val backtrack : level -> unit  
  val current_level : unit -> level  
  val assume : (formula, proof) slice  
    -> (formula, proof) res  
  val if_sat : (formula, proof) slice  
    -> (formula, proof) res  
end
```

Proof management

```
type clause_premise =  
  | Hyp | Local | Lemma of lemma  
  | History of clause list  
  
type proof = clause  
and proof_node = {  
  conclusion : clause;  
  step : step;  
}  
and step =  
  | Hypothesis  
  | Assumption  
  | Lemma of lemma  
  | Duplicate of proof * atom list  
  | Resolution of proof * proof * atom  
  
val expand : proof -> proof_node
```